# PSYCHOTROPIC MEDICATIONS & CHILDREN/YOUTH



"Psychotropic medications" are drugs which exercise a direct effect on the central nervous system and are capable of influencing and modifying behavior and mental activity.



Common classes of psychotropic medication include **antidepressants**, **stimulants**, & **antipsychotics**.



Conditions treated by psychotropic medications include **ADHD**, **anxiety**, **depression**, **bipolar disorder**, & **OCD**.

#### **RED FLAGS**

- "Too Many": more than 3 medications; 2 or more drugs of same class or for same diagnosis
- "Too Much": exceeds recommended dosage
- "Too Young": child is under age 6
- No concurrent services, like therapy, are provided
- Behavior is worsening or not improving
- Severe side effects or problems with development
- No recent monitoring and/or reevaluation
- Too many providers or no clear treatment plan
- Emergency administration of meds outside treatment plan

## I NEED TO KNOW..

## Why are the psychotropic medications prescribed?

- Child's behaviors
- Child's diagnosis
- Results of recent assessments and evaluations, including <u>trauma-specific</u> tools, and Form CS-0629, Psychotropic Medication Evaluation
- Possible benefits of medication
- Non-medication interventions that have already failed

#### What are the risks?

- Potential side effects
- Impacts on development
- Effects of inconsistent use/withdrawal

## What do the youth and parents want?

- Form CS-0627, Informed Consent for Psychotropic Medications
- Youth and parents' feelings about the meds
- Youth's assent to and compliance with the meds
- Youth should not be punished for not taking medication – address the underlying issue instead

### I NEED TO KNOW . . .

## What is the comprehensive treatment plan?

- Medications, dosage, schedule
- Caregiver is trained to administer meds
- Concurrent services, including therapy, have been set up
- Caregiver and provider know the plan for medication monitoring/follow-up
- Address barriers to taking medication
- Ensure continuous access to meds when child changes placements or providers

## Are the medications and dosages still appropriate?

- Frequency and results of monitoring appointments, including side effects and developmental issues
- Updated reassessment/reevaluation
- Opinions of youth, family, caregiver, school, and providers on effectiveness and behavior changes
- Seek minimal effective dose/number of meds
- Plans for stepping down or changing meds

### RESOURCES

# PSYCHOTROPIC MEDICATIONS IN CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS: GUIDE FOR USE AND MONITORING Community Care of North Carolina

https://cdn.ymaws.com/
www.ncpeds.org/resource/
collection/715AED5E-6572-4109AD5E-1F064520FD69/
Guide\_for\_Use\_and\_Monitoring\_of\_Psyc
hotropic\_Medications.pdf

## ADMINISTRATIVE POLICIES AND PROCEDURES: 20.18, PSYCHOTROPIC MEDICATIONS

Tennessee Department of Children's Services

https://files.dcs.tn.gov/policies/ chap20/20.18.pdf

Includes links to forms, policies related to psychotropic meds, and more resources

## PSYCHOTROPIC MEDICATION UTILIZATION PARAMETERS FOR CHILDREN IN STATE CUSTODY

Tennessee Department of Children's Services

https://files.dcs.tn.gov/policies/chap20/PsychoMedUtilGuide.pdf

General principles for prescription; red flags; maximum doses

## STILL HAVE CONCERNS?

- ORDER A WRITTEN REPORT EXPLAINING THE PRESCRIBER'S RECOMMENDATIONS
- ORDER THE PRESCRIBER TO APPEAR AND TESTIFY
- ORDER A MEDICATION REVIEW BY A DIFFERENT PRESCRIBER

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